LET BLANIK L-23 N914B s/n 917914 KIAS USE at YOUR OWN RISK PW-5 "SMYK" PW-6U N766PW KIAS N157AJ KIAS **USE at YOUR OWN RISK USE at YOUR OWN RISK** Czechoslovakian (Czech Republic) - LET Aircraft Co. Polish - PZL Świdnik Aircraft Co. Polish - PZL Świdnik Aircraft Co. AIRSPEEDS & PERFORMANCE (KIAS) AIRSPEEDS & PERFORMANCE AIRSPEEDS & PERFORMANCE Best L/D – 49 (~175'/min), 28:1, Approx. 215'/nm (zero wind, optimal) Best L/D – 56 (~170'/min), 34:1, Approx. 185' / nm (zero wind, optimal) Best L/D – 51 (~170'/min), 32:1, Approx. 200' / nm (zero wind, optimal) Min Sink -43 (~161'/min) Vs - 34 Min Sink -51 (\sim 160'/min) Vs - 41 Min Sink – 44 (~140'/min) Vs - 35 Va - 81 Vra - 86 Vt - 81 (Recommended 54-70) Vw (max winch) - 65 Va – 89 Vra – 89 Vt – 89 (Recommended 59) Vw – 65 (max winch) Va - 81 Vra - 81 Vt - 81 (Recommended 59) Vw (max winch) - 65 VIo – 133 (PSSA normally keeps landing gear down at all times) VIo – Aircraft does not have retractable landing gear VIo – Aircraft does not have retractable landing gear Vne - 133 (SL - 11,000' PA), 111 (20,000' PA) Vne – 141 (SL – 9,843'), 135 (9,843' – 13,123') Vne - 115 (SL- 16,400') Decrease Vne ~2kts/1,000' from 133 above 11,000' PA Decrease Vne ~ 1.5 kts/1,000' from 135 above 13,000' Maximum Altitude – flight above 16,400' prohibited Max. Demonstrated crosswind: 16 kts Max. Demonstrated Crosswind - 12 kts Max. Demonstrated Crosswind – 12 kts Max. Demonstrated Altitude: 13,780' PA Glide at best L/D: About 34:1 claimed by PZL (~180 feet/nautical mile) Glide at best L/D: About 32:1 claimed by PZL (~190 feet/nautical mile) Wing Span - 53.5', Aspect Ratio - 13.7 Wing Span - 52.5', Aspect Ratio - 16.8 Wing Span – 44', Aspect Ratio – 17.8 Wing Loading at 1124 lbs - 5.45 lbs/ft2, 27 kg/M2 Wing Loading at 1204 lbs -7.4 lbs/ft², 36 kg/M² Wing Loading - 6.1 lbs/ft², 30 kg/M² Green Arc. Vno - 36-86 Green Arc. Vno - 45-89 Green Arc. Vno - 38-81 Yellow Arc, Smooth Air - 86-133 Yellow Arc, Smooth Air - 89-141 Yellow Arc, Smooth Air – 81-115 Yellow Triangle - 41 (Approach Speed - 1124 lb Max GW), Yellow Triangle – 54 (Approach Speed – Max GW) Yellow Triangle – 51 (Approach Speed – Max GW) add ~ 5kts w/air brakes WEIGHTS & LOADING (as of 4-6-2021) WEIGHTS & LOADING (3/23/2015) **WEIGHTS & LOADING** Max GW = 1204 lbs EW = 761.0 Useful = 443 Max GW = 661.4 lbs EW = 418 Useful = 243.4Max GW = 1,124 lbs (two occupants), 925 (solo) Empty CG = 26.0" (Empty limits 25.6" to 26.2") Moment = 19,786 Empty CG = 22.73" Moment = 9494 EW = 710 Max. Useful = 414 Min Pilot Wt Solo (w/chute) = 121 (no ballast) Max Pilot Wt = 242 Above is without oxygen tank or regulator Empty CG = 26.73" Mom = 18,981 lb-ins Empty MAC = 68.23 % Max Cockpit Load (Crew + Chutes + Baggage) = 437 Min Pilot + Chute Wt = 121 (no ballast) Max Pilot + Chute Wt = 243 Min Pilot Wt Solo = 154 (no ballast) Max Pilot Solo = 242 Max Fuselage + tailplane wt = 419 If Pilot + Chute < 132, seat must be full forward Max Baggage = 11 Min Pilot Wt Solo w/Front Seat Optional 33 lb Ballast cushion = 121 CG Flight Limits: 17%-42% MAC or +7.02" to +16.77" (From root leading Max Cockpit Load - 242 Max Baggage = 22 edge) Max Fuselage + tailplane wt = 247 Max Baggage = 11 Allowed CG range 23%-40% MAC or 98"-106.4" from fuselage nose CG Limits: 20%-42% MAC or 9.25"-16.14" (From root cord leading edge) Arms: Pilot -41.73", Pass -4.61", Battery +11.8", Bagg +11" Solo Front Seat Only Solo Front Seat Only ?Use a booster cushion to improve visibility from the back seat (if <5'9"?) **AEROTOW AEROTOW AEROTOW** Max Cable strength (per GFM) - 1460 lbs (less than FAA "200% rule"!!) Max Cable Strength (per GFM) - 1573 lbs, (FAA limit might be 1328...) Max Cable Strength - 2408 lbs Min cable length - 50', recommended 100'-130' Min Cable Length - 66 ft Min Cable Length – 66 ft Cruise Vt – 81 kts Recommended Aerotow, Climbing - 60 Recommended Aerotow, Climbing – 59 Recommended Aerotow, Cruising – 81 kts (Low-tow position not Recommended Aerotow, Cruising - 81 kts (Low-tow position not recommended by PZL as cable will rub on lower nose section) recommended by PZL as cable will rub on lower nose section) "Circling Airspeed" 43-46 kts Blanik POH Recommended: "Circling Airspeed" 43-51 kts Approach, Spoilers In: 41-46 (consider adding ~5 kts if a steep approach) Caution: Airbrake deployment over 92 kts causes sudden negative G's, Caution: Airbrake deployment over 108 kts causes sudden negative G's, Approach, Spoilers Out: 43-51 (consider adding ~5 kts if a steep approach) deploy slowly and tighten seat belt first. deploy slowly and tighten seat belt first. Aircraft is certified in the "Utility Category" Max airbrake retraction is 81 Max airbrake retraction is 89 Any "Basic Aerobatics" must be logged in the aircraft logbook. Recommended Approach: 51 Land on main wheel & avoid tail skid ground impact Land on main wheel & avoid tail skid ground impact NO AEROBATICS per PSSA Club Rules (to limit airframe aging limits) Min Sideslip Speed: 49, Airbrakes may be in or out Steep Turns: Solo – 92, Dual – 97 Min Sideslip Speed: 49, Airbrakes may be in or out Max Sideslip Speed: 70, Airbrakes may be in or out Loops, Entry: Solo – 86, Dual – 97 Sideslip bank > 20 degrees, nose will turn with full opposite rudder Sideslip bank > 20 degrees, nose will turn with full opposite rudder Spins: Conventional Recovery, Max 86 kts recovery (alt loss ~390'/360°) Aircraft is certified in the "Utility Category" Aircraft is certified in the "Utility Category" Max Descents: Air Brakes @ 120 kias = 9,000 fpm, 133 kias = 13,000 fpm Aerobatics Allowed by Manufacturer: Aerobatics Allowed by Manufacturer: Side Slipping: Conventional, to increase rate of descent must also have Spins, Loops, Stall turns (See Flight Manual for entry speeds) (Parachute required by PW-6 Flight Manual for all aerobatics): full air brakes. Slip alone does little for descent rate Loops, Entry: 92-97 Spins, Loops, Stall turns, Chandelles, (See Flight Manual for entry speeds) Aerobatics: Air brakes must be locked, smooth air, and trim for 70 kts Misc:

FUSTALL: Flaps, Undercarriage, Speed, Trim, Air brakes, Look, Land

Canopy Jettison Procedure:

3. Release safety belt/harness 4. Bail Out

Load Factor (g's) = 1/cos(bank angle)

Min Sink Speed (Vms) = Vms x (Load Factor ^0.5)

Sink rate = Level sink rate x (Load Factor ^1.5)

2. Push up on front canopy

Stall speed = $Vs \times (Load Factor ^0.5)$ (square root of the load factor)

1. Pull handle fully

Formulas:

Add Speed for Bank Angle: 30°=7%, 40°=14%, 45°=19%, 50°=24% Add Sink Rate for Bank Angle: 30°=24%, 40°=49%, 45°=68%, 50°=94%

Aerobatics: Air brakes must be locked, smooth air, and trim for 70 kts

Loops & Chandelles, Entry: 102-108

Important to train for careful & proper canopy ops from Flight Manual

Takeoff: Trim forward of neutral, get tail off runway early, on main wheel Landing: land on main wheel, avoid landing tail wheel first (stress on tail)

Off Field Landings: Recommend gear up if soft surface

Example Wt & Balance: Pilot (180), Rear Pax (229), Bagg (5)

Takeoff Wt = <u>1124</u>, CG = ~____% MAC or _____

Brake failure, emerg stop on ground: nose down

Tire Pressure: Max 37 psi